

Handler Organic System Plan

Use this form to describe your operation. If a question does not apply, indicate "none" or "N/A" if not applicable.

Status: Contact: Subject: Date: Type: 2016 Comments

Your organic management plan includes this form and required additional information as indicated throughout the form. Any alternative forms of providing organic plan information should be indicated in related section(s) of this form. Pay particular attention to italicized directions which require additional action or documentation.

GENERAL INFORMATION NOS §205.406(a)	
 If you are a contract operator for on-farm processing, contract feed processing, or contract meat processing, provide the name of your customer (MOSA certified client). Note NA if not applicable. 	
 If organic processing will occur at any additional facilities, provide facility locations and describe their role. Depending upon the additional facilities' products and services provided, additional information and fees may be required. 	
 Identify all programs for which you are requesting certification and/or verification. (Additional fees may apply for additional verifications.) US-EU Organic Equivalence Arrangement US-Japan Organic Equivalence Arrangement US Taiwan Export Arrangement US-Canada Organic Equivalence Arrangement Other 	
4. If you selected any programs in the previous question, list the products.	
5. How do you verify that ingredients and other inputs used meet international or other additional verification requirements (e.g. certificates showing international compliance, full composition information)?	
 Describe government permits/licenses/inspections that are in effect for your operation. Certified organic handlers must comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local regulations. 	
 CERTIFICATION REQUEST OVERVIEW: Give a brief description of your process/handling experience, and reason(s) for choosing organic management practices. 	
8. In general, what types of organic products are produced and/or organic services are provided by your company? If organic production has not yet begun provide your best estimate.	
9. Provide your total estimated annual production in units and/or services provided, and provide the anticipated percentage that is organic?	
10. List (or submit a list) of all products and/or services requested for organic certification.	
11. CONTRACT HANDLERS: Contract handlers who receive organic product packaged or otherwise enclosed in a container, and do not repackage or otherwise process the product do not need to be certified. However, such handlers must complete and submit the Excluded Handler form. Contract handlers who provide other types of handling or processing services to your company do need to be certified organic.	
Provide the name, phone number, certification agency and process/handling service provided for each contract handler used. Have a current copy of the handler's certificate at inspection.	
Question(s) not listed are for office use only	

ORGANIC PRODUCT COMPOSITION NOS §§205.105, .301 .302

The National Organic Standards require that all raw or processed agricultural products sold, labeled or represented as "100 percent organic," "organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," and all organic ingredients in multi-ingredient agricultural products with less than 70% organically produced ingredients must be handled in compliance with all applicable organic standards. For processed products labeled as "organic" on the principal display panel, all agricultural ingredients must be certified organic or on the National List. Nonorganic ingredients and processing aids used must be allowed on the National List and must not comprise more than 5% of the finished product (excluding water and salt). All annotations and restrictions for ingredients used from the National List must be followed, and commercial unavailability documented when applicable. Products making "100% organic," "organic" or "made with..." claims may not contain ingredients or processing aids subject to ionizing radiation or genetically engineered organisms and their derivatives, nor ingredients produced using sewage sludge. National Organic Standard §205.301 outlines other label-claim-specific and product composition requirements. National Organic Standard §205.2 defines an ingredient as any substance used in the preparation of an agricultural product that is still present in the final commercial product as consumed.

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present in the final commercial product as consumed.
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14. INGREDIENTS: Submit completed Organic Product Profiles for all organic products requested for certification. Ingredient labels and/or specification sheets, as applicable, must also be provided for all ingredients.
What is your procedure for sourcing organic agricultural ingredients?
15. How do you verify certification of organic ingredients?
16. How do you verify that ingredients and other inputs used have not been produced using genetic engineering, sewage sludge, or ionizing radiation and that National List annotations are followed?
17. Do any nonorganic ingredients used have annotations/restrictions for their use on the National List?
□ Yes □ No
18. If "yes," describe how you meet compliance. If you are uncertain about how to meet these requirements, please contact MOSA.
19. PROCESSING AIDS: Reference the definition of Processing Aid in NOS §205.2. Processing aids must be noted on the Organic Product Profile submitted for each product requested for certification. Submit processing aid labels and/or specification
sheets, as applicable.
Do you use processing aids? <i>If no processing aids are used, skip to the Contact Substances Section.</i> ☐ Yes ☐ No
20. If "yes," list what processing aids are used, and describe how and why they are used.
21. If any processing aids used have annotations/restrictions for their use on the National List, describe compliance.
22. Are any processing aids not on the National List? If "yes," explain.
23. Check if any processing aids have been produced, processed with or exposed to the following. Check all that apply. ☐ ionizing radiation ☐ sewage sludge ☐ genetic engineering ☐ none of these
24. If "none," do you have verification? ☐ Yes ☐ No
25. CONTACT SUBSTANCES: Contact substances are defined by the FDA as "any substance intended for use as a component of materials used in manufacturing, packing, packaging, transporting, or holding food if such use is not intended to have a technical effect in such food." <i>Note contact substances on the Handler Input Inventory.</i>
Are any contact substances used during organic or nonorganic processing? ☐ Yes ☐ No
26. Any contact substances must have documentation to show that they meet the FDA definition. How is this documentation provided to MOSA?

27. WATER: Water used in processing/handling must meet potable water standards. For products that use culinary steam, boiler additives must not contaminate the organic products. List boiler additives on the Handler Input Inventory and submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
How is water used in processing? <i>Check all that apply.</i> ☐ not used ☐ ingredient ☐ processing aid ☐ cooking ☐ cooling ☐ product transport ☐ organic product cleaning ☐ equipment cleaning ☐ other
28. If "other," explain.
29. List all sources of water (e.g. municipal, on-site well). Submit a water test for Coliform bacteria and nitrates for nonmunicipal water sources.
30. List any known water contaminants.
31. What on-site water treatment processes are used? (e.g. filtration (specify type), chlorination (specify where used), softening.)
32. Do you use water conservation strategies? Yes No
33. How, and how often, do you monitor water quality?
34. Is culinary steam used in the processing of organic products? ☐ Yes ☐ No
35. Which of the following are used to ensure boiler additives are not a contamination threat? ☐ steam filters ☐ condensate traps ☐ testing of condensate ☐ testing of finished products ☐ other
36. If "other," explain.
Question(s) not listed are for office use only.
ORGANIC MANUFACTURING AND HANDLING PRACTICES (product flow, sanitation) NOS §§205.201, .272
Procedures, processes, storage and equipment must prevent risk of commingling organic and nonorganic products, and prevent
contamination from prohibited substances present in the facility. Procedures used to maintain organic integrity must be
documented. Organic Control Points (OCPs) are areas in the production system where organic integrity may be compromised.
Your organic system plan must determine where contamination is most likely to occur and show how contamination will be
prevented.
39. PRODUCT FLOW:
Provide a written description below showing how and where ingredients/products are received, stored, processed, packaged, and warehoused, and identifying all equipment used, storage areas, and where ingredients are added or processing aids used. Include OCPs in the product flow description. A schematic product flow chart may be submitted to provide this information. If you have a formal OCP plan that contains information beyond what we ask here, please submit that plan.
40. EQUIPMENT: To prevent commingling and contamination, all equipment used in organic production or handling must be free of nonorganic product and prohibited materials. Equipment used for both organic and nonorganic processing or handling must be cleaned and/or flushed prior to use on organic products. Keep records of cleaning and flushing activities. Submit facility map(s) showing equipment location and areas used for organic processing, packaging, or storage.
Describe cleaning methods for equipment used in processing (including sweeping, scraping, vacuuming, compressed air, manual washing, clean in place (CIP), steam cleaning, sanitizing) used prior to organic production runs (or submit SSOPs if desired). Products used for equipment cleaning and sanitation must be listed on the Handler Input Inventory . Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
41. Describe purge procedures, quantities purged, and purging documentation. If no equipment purging is done, note "N/A".
42. Are all surfaces that contact organic products food grade? ☐ Yes ☐ No

43. If "no," explain.
44. GENERAL SANITATION: Good sanitation practices must be used throughout the facility. Residues from cleaning materials must not contaminate organic products. List all cleansers and sanitizers used in the processing facility on the Handler Input Inventory and submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
How is sanitation handled? ☐ in-house ☐ by outside contractor ☐ both
45. Provide the name of your in-house sanitation officer or contract cleaning service, and their contact information including address and phone number.
46. Describe general facility sanitation methods used prior to organic production runs (or attach SSOPs if applicable).
47. Are any cleansers/sanitizers listed as restricted or prohibited by the National List? <i>List inputs on the Handler Input Inventory</i> . ☐ Yes ☐ No
48. What measures are in place to ensure that the residues of cleanser/sanitizers and/or nonorganic food matter do not remain on processing equipment and/or containers when organic processing occurs? Check all that apply. ☐ ph testing of rinsate ☐ residue testing on food contact surfaces ☐ other ☐ use sanitizer with ingredients on the National List ☐ purge/flush ☐ mechanical cleaning
49. If "other," explain.
50. If testing is done, describe the type of test(s) and sensitivity level(s) of testing materials.
51. How, and how often, is general sanitation monitored?
52. Where are cleaning/sanitizing materials stored?
53. What methods are used to maintain employee hygiene?
Question(s) not listed are for office use only.
ORGANIC MANUFACTURING AND HANDLING PRACTICES (transport) NOS §§205.201, .272
56. INCOMING TRANSPORT: In what forms are incoming products received? Check all that apply.
dry bulk liquid bulk tote bags tote boxes metal drums cardboard drums paper bags foil bags pails other
57. If "other," explain.
58. How are incoming products transported? ☐ tanker ☐ trailer ☐ common carrier ☐ rail ☐ self ☐ other
59. If "other," explain.
60. Who arranges incoming product transportation?
61. How do you ensure that incoming transport units were cleaned prior to loading organic products?
62. Is this inspection/cleaning process documented? ☐ Yes ☐ No
63. Are incoming transport units used to carry any prohibited substances? ☐ Yes ☐ No
64. Have transport companies been notified of organic handling requirements? ☐ Yes ☐ No

		rganic pro □ No	ducts shipped at the	e same time as no	onorganic in the same tra	nsport units?		
	66. What ☐ dedicat			organic products ☐ pallet tags	? Check all that apply. ☐ organic product shrir	nk-wrapped	separate area in transport unit	
		er," explai	n.					
			TRANSPORT: products transporte	ed?				_
	69. How	do you ens	sure that in-process	transport units a	re cleaned prior to loading	g organic prod	lucts?	
	70. Is this	inspectio	n/cleaning process	documented?				_
	☐ Yes	□No						
	In what fo ☐ dry bull ☐ cardbo	rm are fini k ∏liqu ard drums		oed? ags □ tote box		☐ foil bags	☐ metal drums ☐ mesh bags	
	72. If "oth	ner," explai	n.					
	73. How a ☐ tanker	are outgoii	ng products transpo r		□ self □ other			
	74. If "oth	ner," explai	n.		, O'			
	75. Who	arranges o	outgoing product tra	nsportation?	(/) •			
	76. How	do you ens	sure that outgoing t	ransport units are	clean prior to loading org	ganic products	9?	
	77. Is this ☐ Yes	inspectio ☐ No	n/cleaning process	documented?				
		utgoing tra □ No	insport units used to	o carry any prohib	oited materials?			
	☐ Yes	□ No			nandling requirements?			
		rganic pro <u> </u>	ducts shipped at the	e same time as no	onorganic in the same tra	nsport units?		
		steps are ed organio		organic products pallet tags	? Check all that apply. ☐ organic product shrir	nk-wrapped	separate area in transport unit	
		er," explai	n.					
	Question	(s) not lis	ted are for office u	se only.				_
OR	GANIC I	//ANUFA	CTURING AND	HANDLING (s	storage, quality assu	urance) NO	S §§205.201, .272	
	from certif	ication. A e or otherw	storage facility that vise process the pro	receives organic oduct does not ne	packaged product or othe ed to be certified. Contact	erwise enclose t MOSA to de	st be certified organic, or excluded ed in a container, and does not termine if storage qualifies for ust be indicated on facility map(s) .	
	List all sto	rage area	s in the table below.					
	Please	verify the	ines below. Use the ta			, attach a separa	ate list with the same column layout.	
			<u> </u>	Har	ndler storage information	<u> </u>		
		Location	Type of storage	Capacity	For organic use only?	How is cont	amination prevented in this area?	
	Off-site				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

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Additional	Comment	S			S ' V /
			and the fact of th	for all all and	
86. List pr	roducts sto	ored off-site, and (contact information	for off-site storage location	on.
87. WAST	TE MANA	GEMENT PLAN:	Waste products so	ld as organic must be cer	tified. Some examples of waste products include
whey from					eed processing, or water used in processing or
cleaning.					
for each pi	roduct.	ucts from certified	organic ingredient	s be sold as certified orga	nic? If "yes," submit an Organic Product Profile
	∏ <u>No</u> do you mai	nage waste from	processing? Check	c all that apply.	
☐ on-site o				recycling water filter Dication to organic land	ing ☐ smokestack filters ☐ composting ☐ application to nonorganic land ☐ other
89. If "oth	er," explaii	n.			
•		cords on your was	ste volume?		
	□ No CATION AI	ND TRAINING: A	Il personnel should	I receive appropriate train.	ing to maintain food safety and organic integrity.
					ing to mamain rood durity and organic integrity.
How many	/ people ai	re employed at yo	our organic product	ion facility(s)?	
		dures ensuring pe	rsonnel have appr	opriate training in organic	handling practices and general food
handling/p	rotection.				
00 1: 01:	- 4!!	January 15, 10			
	s training d ∐ No	locumented?			
94. QUAL	LITY ASSU				
Do you ha	ve a QA p	rogram in place?	It so, which progra	m do you use (HACCP, H	ARPC, TQM, etc.)?
95. Are ar	ny outside	quality assessme	ent services used?	If so, list name of assessr	ment company.
		, , ,,		,	•
96. Indicat	te type(s)	of product testing	used. Check all th	nat apply.	
			finished product	product during produc	tion 🔲 ingredients upon receipt 🔲 none

97. Are ingredient samples retained? If so, for how long?
98. Are finished product samples retained? If so, for how long?
99. Indicate any other means to monitor product quality and/or the effectiveness of your organic management plan.
100. Describe product recall system, or attach product recall plan.
101. Do you anticipate any changes to your quality assurance system? If yes, describe.
102. Specify any type(s) of environmental testing conducted.
103. ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONS: Are any other means not described above taken to ensure that organic integrity is maintained? YesNo
104. If "yes," list organic compliance plans and organic integrity protection methods.
Question(s) not listed are for office use only.
PEST MANAGEMENT NOS §§205.201, .271, .272
The National Organic Standards require that pest management is primarily handled by preventive methods as noted in NOS
§205.271. When these are not effective, non-synthetic or synthetic substances allowed for organic processing and handling may
be used. If prevention and allowed materials are not effective, any substance may be used for pest management, provided it is
used in compliance with legal restrictions, and provided the operator and MOSA agree on the substance used, methods of
application, and measures taken to maintain organic integrity. Substances must be applied in a manner that prevents
contamination of ingredients or finished products to be sold, labeled or represented as organic. All treatments used must be
justified. A pest management plan must be in place for each facility operated, and a program of regular preventive monitoring
must be a part of this plan to show that a previously allowed material is still needed.
107. GENERAL INFORMATION:
How is pest control handled?
☐ in-house ☐ outside contractor ☐ both
108. Provide the name of your in-house pest control officer or contract pest control service, and their contact information including
address and phone number.
109. What pest problems do you generally have? <i>Check all the apply.</i> ☐ flying insects ☐ crawing insects ☐ spiders ☐ birds ☐ rats ☐ mice ☐ other
☐ flying insects ☐ crawing insects ☐ spiders ☐ birds ☐ rats ☐ mice ☐ other 110. If "other," explain.
111. PEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES: Submit a facility map showing the location of traps and monitors. List all pest control products on the Handler Input Inventory . Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
Check all pest management practices used. Check all that apply.
☐ good sanitation ☐ removal of exterior habitat/food sources ☐ cleanup of spilled product ☐ sealed doors and/or windows ☐ exclusion ☐ repair of holes, cracks, etc. ☐ screened windows, vents, etc.
☐ sealed doors and/or windows ☐ exclusion ☐ repair of holes, cracks, etc. ☐ screened windows, vents, etc. ☐ sheet metal on sides of building exterior ☐ physical barriers ☐ mowing ☐ air curtains ☐ air showers
☐ positive air pressure in facility ☐ monitoring ☐ ingredient inspection for pests
☐ inspection zones around interior perimeter ☐ ultrasound/light devices ☐ sticky traps ☐ beneficials/natural predators
□ electrocutors □ pheromone traps □ mechanical traps □ scare eye balloons □ nitrogen □ freezing treatments
☐ heat treatments ☐ vacuum treatments ☐ carbon dioxide ☐ vitamin baits ☐ pyrethrum ☐ ryania ☐ rotenone ☐ boric acid ☐ disodium octaltetrahydrate ☐ diatomaceous earth ☐ precipitated silica ☐ fumigation ☐ fogging
☐ crack and crevice spray ☐ other
112. If "other," explain.

113. Are your pest prevention methods and structural pest management system effective to prevent or control pests? ☐ Yes ☐ No
114. If "no," explain.
115. Are records kept of your monitoring activities?
□ Yes □ No
116. How often do you inspect your pest prevention system?
117. What changes do you anticipate to your pest management system?
118. PESTICIDE USE: List all pest control substances including baits, sprays, pesticides, or fumigants on the Handler Input Inventory . Submit product labels and ingredient information for inputs not OMRI listed or previously approved by MOSA.
Are pesticides used? If "no," skip to Audit Trail and Inventory Control System Section. ☐ Yes ☐ No
119. Are any products used which are prohibited by the National List? ☐ Yes ☐ No
120. If "yes," did you contact MOSA for approval prior to product use? ☐ Yes ☐ No
121. Indicate type of pesticide application records maintained.
122. Describe methods to prevent pesticide contamination of organic ingredients, finished products, or packaging materials.
123. Describe measures to reduce or prevent pest control product use in the future.
124. Where are pest control substances stored?
Question(s) not listed are for office use only.
AUDIT TRAIL AND INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM NOS §§205.103, .201
Audit trail and inventory control procedures must be adequate to trace all ingredients and products from the supplier(s) through
the entire handling system, including packaging and storage, and on through distribution, sales and transport, using lot numbers,
date codes, or a similar product tracking system. Organic handlers must retain valid proof of certification for all organic
ingredients. Amounts of organic finished products must balance with purchased certified organic and other allowed ingredients
(loss to shrinkage or spoilage should be documented). All relevant documents should identify products as "organic". Documents
in your audit trail must be able to link to those preceding and following them in the record system. If lot numbers and/or other
identification codes on documents change as products move through your operation, documents must remain auditable so product is traceable.
127. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products at receiving ? <i>Check all that apply. Please have all records</i>
identified in this section available at inspection. Submit sample records needed to show traceability.
☐ purchase orders ☐ bills of lading ☐ certificates of analysis ☐ receiving records ☐ customs forms
☐ transaction certificates ☐ receiving summary log ☐ invoices ☐ organic certificates ☐ receipts
☐ quality test results ☐ scale tickets ☐ other 128. If "other," explain.
129. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products while in process ? Check all that apply.
☐ sanitation logs ☐ production summary logs ☐ blending reports ☐ packaging reports ☐ production reports
☐ ingredient inspection forms ☐ quality assurance reports ☐ equipment cleaning logs ☐ other 130. If "other," explain.
100. II Outot, Explain.
131. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products while in storage ? <i>Check all that apply.</i> ☐ ingredient inventory report ☐ finished product inventory reports ☐ other

132. If "other," explain.
133. What documents do you use to track ingredients and products at shipping ? Check all that apply.
shipping logs sales receipts other
134. If "other," explain.
135. Describe your lot numbering system.
136. Describe how lot numbers and/or other specific identification used link documents to enable traceability.
130. Describe now for numbers and/or other specific identification used link documents to enable traceability.
137. What other types of records do you maintain? <i>Check all that apply.</i> ☐ ingredient verifications ☐ input labels/composition list ☐ equipment cleaning records ☐ labor records
☐ pest control log ☐ documentation showing lack of commercial availability ☐ residue tests ☐ other
138. If "residue tests" or "other," explain.
139. Can your recordkeeping system track the finished product in the marketplace back to all ingredients?
☐ Yes ☐ No 140. Can your recordkeeping system balance organic product in and organic product out?
☐ Yes ☐ No
141. Can your recordkeeping system verify prevention of contact with prohibited substances? ☐ Yes ☐ No
142. If you answered no to any of the above three questions, what changes will you make to ensure these areas can be
tracked/verified?
143. The National Organic Standards require that you keep a copy of all certification documents for a minimum of 5 years. How do
you intend to maintain these records?
☐ hard copy ☐ electronically ☐ both
Question(s) not listed are for office use only.
PACKAGING AND LABELING NOS §\$205.201, .272, .303311
The National Organic Standards require that packaging materials be free of prohibited substances and must not contaminate the
organic product. Organic product labels must meet State and Federal labeling requirements as well as requirements specifically
outlined in NOS §205.303311. All labels making an organic claim must be approved prior to use. Submit color labels if colored
labeling is used. Production lot numbers are required on non-retail containers, used to ship or store organic products. For
products labeled as "100% organic," "organic," "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))," or livestock feed
products, the certified handler or product distributor must be identified on the information panel, followed below by "Certified
Organic by MOSA." Organic ingredients must be identified as organic in ingredient listings on products labeled "100% organic,"
"organic" or "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s)." See the NOS for complete labeling
requirements/options and contact MOSA as needed for clarification.
146. PACKAGING:
What types of packaging material are used? <i>Check all that apply.</i> ☐ bulk ☐ paper ☐ cardboard ☐ wood ☐ glass ☐ metal ☐ foil ☐ plastic ☐ waxed paper ☐ aseptic
☐ natural fiber ☐ synthetic fiber ☐ other
147. If "other," explain.
148. Are all packaging materials food grade?
□ Yes □ No
149. Where are packaging materials stored?
150. Have any packaging materials been exposed to fungicides, preservatives, fumigants or pest control materials (in storage,
contained in material, or otherwise)? If so, describe exposure, including name of products used.

	51. Are packaging materials reused? If so, describe how these are cleaned prior to use. All recycled packaging materials must be horoughly cleaned prior to use and pose no risk to organic integrity.
1	52. What changes do you anticipate in your packaging?
	53. LABELING: All labels making an organic claim must be approved by MOSA prior to use. Submit copies of new labels and abel changes to MOSA for review and approval. Submit color labels if colored labeling is used.
	o you use or plan to use labels that make an organic claim?] Yes
1	54. If you make/use labels for organic products, describe the type of labels used (retail, non-retail, etc.). Note N/A if not pplicable.
	55. Describe your system for verifying that all labels making an organic claim comply with the National Organic Standards. Note I/A if not applicable.
	56. Do you use or plan to use the USDA seal and/or the MOSA logo on product labels or marketing information?] Yes □ No
tl s C	57. PRIVATE LABELING: Private label arrangement authorization is required if MOSA is listed as the certifier on the label and ne company on the label is not MOSA certified. Private label arrangement authorization requires an administrative fee and ubmission of the Private Label Arrangement form.
1	Yes No See No See No Yes No Yes No
	59. COMPLETE: Is your Organic System Plan complete?] Yes
C	Question(s) not listed are for office use only.